Table 3. Incidence rates and numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry sector and category of illness, Wyoming, 2018

Industry sector ²	Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses	Total cases
	Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹						
All industries including state and local government ³	13.0	0.8	1.4			9.8	0.3
Private industry ³	8.5		0.9			5.7	0.1
Goods-producing ³	3.9						(⁶)
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}							(⁶)
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁴							
Construction							(⁶)
Manufacturing							(⁶)
Service-providing	10.4					7.3	0.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	8.0					5.1	(⁶)
Retail trade	9.8					8.4	(⁶)
Transportation and warehousing ⁵							(⁶)
Utilities							(⁶)
Information							
Finance, insurance, and real estate							
Finance and insurance							
Professional and business services							
Professional, scientific, and technical services							(⁶)
Management of companies and enterprises							(⁶)
Educational and health services	17.1					10.4	(⁶)
Educational services							(⁶)
Health care and social assistance	16.2					9.0	(⁶)
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality							(⁶)
Accommodation and food services							(⁶)
Other services (except public administration)							
Other services (except public administration)							
State and local government ³	31.1					26.2	0.1
State government ³							
Local government ³	39.9					34.2	0.1

Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where:

N = number of illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 19, 2019

² North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2012.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System Manual*, 2012 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not compared to the provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Data too small to be displayed.

Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses						
Numbers of illnesses in thousands										
(⁶)	(⁶)		(⁶)	0.2						
(⁶)	(⁶)		(⁶)	0.1						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)								
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)		(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶) (⁶) (⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)		(⁶)	0.1						
(⁶)	(⁶)		(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)							
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)							
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶) (⁶) (⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶) (⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.1						
(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	0.1						

