Industry sector ²	All establishments	Establishment employment size (workers)					
		1 to 10	11 to 49	50 to 249	250 to 999	1,000 or more	
II industries including state and local government ³	3.6	2.8	3.6	3.7			
Private industry ³	3.4	2.8	3.6	3.5		-	
Goods-producing ³	3.0		4.0	1.9	1.5		
Natural resources and mining ^{3,4}	1.4		2.0	1.1	1.6		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ³	5.5		6.0				
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁴	1.2			1.0	1.6		
Construction	4.5		5.4	1.1			
Manufacturing	3.8		4.9	4.4	1.2		
Service-providing	3.6		3.5	4.3	6.3		
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁵	4.1		4.3	3.3			
Wholesale trade				2.9			
Retail trade	3.6		3.7	3.5			
Transportation and warehousing ⁵	4.6			2.4	5.7		
Utilities				3.1			
Information				4.8			
Finance, insurance, and real estate							
Finance and insurance							
Professional and business services				2.0			
Professional, scientific, and technical services							
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services	2.2			5.2			
Educational and health services	4.6			6.7	4.6		
Educational services							
Health care and social assistance	4.6			6.9	4.6		
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality	4.4		2.6	5.0	12.8		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation							
Accommodation and food services	4.4		2.7	5.0	12.8		
Other services (except public administration)				6.9			
Other services (except public administration)				6.9			
State and local government ³	4.4		4.1	4.4	4.6	4	
State government ³							
Local government ³	4.7		4.9	4.9	4.1	e	

Table 3. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by industry sector and employment size, Wyoming, 2016

Industry sector ²	All establishments	Establishment employment size (workers)					
		1 to 10	11 to 49	50 to 249	250 to 999	1,000 or more	
 ¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time work N = number of injuries and illnesses EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hot ² North American Industry Classification System United States, 2012. ³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees. ⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System, 2 (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related supp Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent min reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January industries. ⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal R ⁶ Data too small to be displayed. 	r year ours per week, 50 012 edition) inclue ort activities. Dat ing contractors ar 1, 2002; therefore ailroad Administra	weeks per year). de establishments not a for mining operator e excluded from the o e estimates for these ition, U.S. Departmen	t governed by the Mi s in coal, metal, and coal, metal, and nonr industries are not co	nonmetal mining are metal mining industrie	e provided to BLS by t es. These data do no		
NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occup		5	ation with participati	ing state agencies, No	ovember 29, 2017		