Table 15. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected parts of body, Private industry, Wyoming, 2013

Characteristic								Part of b	ody affec	ted by th	e injury c	r illness³						
	Private	Head			Trunk		Upper extremities					Lower extremities				Body	Multiple	All other
	industry	Total	Eyes	Neck	Total	Back	Total	Shoulder	Arm	Hand	Wrist	Total	Knee	Ankle	Foot	systems	_	body parts
Total	127.2	6.4	1.7	2.4	30.5	21.4	40.6	13.6	4.6	16.5	3.5	33.9	12.7	9.8	5.7	.9	12.5	
Gender:																		
Male	124.7	6.1	1.8	1.7	29.7	20.6	39.2	11.9	5.4	18.6	1.5	35.2	13.0	10.1	5.7		12.1	
Female	131.8	7.2		3.4	32.1	22.7	43.5		3.3	12.6	7.2	31.4	12.1	9.5	5.9		13.2	
	101.0			0	02.1	22.7	.0.0	10	0.0	12.0		01	12.1	3.0	0.5		10.2	
Age:																		
14 - 15																		
16 - 19	154.5				28.4		92.0			66.8		25.2						
20 - 24	164.2	8.2			24.7	19.2	56.5			19.9		53.7	16.4	18.2	11.0		18.3	
25 - 34	128.7	11.1			26.3	22.7	39.9			16.6	4.8	39.3	8.1	13.3	9.0		10.7	
35 - 44	140.5	5.0			45.9	31.8	36.9		4.6	17.9		30.6	16.9		4.7		17.7	
45 - 54	100.3				25.5	15.5	33.5			13.9		26.8	9.5				9.7	
55 - 64	129.1	5.8			32.4	18.1	41.4	20.0	7.2	7.8		31.8	17.5	11.0			12.9	
65 & over	85.2				16.6		20.5					25.8						
Major occupational group:																		
Management occupations	28.2																	
Business & financial operations occupations																		
Computer & mathematical occupations																		
Architecture & engineering occupations																		
Life, physical, & social science occupations																		
Community & social service occupations																		
Legal occupations																		
Education, training, & library occupations																		
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, & media occupations																		
Healthcare practitioners & technical occupations	67.5				24.9													
Healthcare support occupations	203.2				94.7	83.7												
Protective service occupations																		
Food preparation & serving related occupations	139.9				31.0	16.7	71.9			39.3	12.7	26.9	16.3					
Building & grounds cleaning & maintenance occupations	185.4				65.8	50.9	30.4					47.0						
Personal care & service occupations	471.8				84.7	71.7	127.7	64.3				195.5		52.5				
Sales & related occupations	51.0				9.1		28.0	17.1				11.1						
Office & administrative support occupations	42.2				11.1	10.2	13.5					9.1						
Farming, fishing, & forestry occupations	111.6																	
Construction & extraction occupations	178.0				34.2	24.3	69.0	14.2	5.2	47.9		37.7	21.0	6.8	7.3		30.9	
Installation, maintenance, & repair occupations	143.4	13.3			43.0	31.1	38.2			10.2		38.7	17.2		12.0			
Production occupations	122.7				17.0		59.9			14.4		28.5						
Transportation & material moving occupations	242.3	12.6			64.7	40.2	43.8			8.6		89.8	22.0	41.2	9.2		27.7	

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies.

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

<sup>20,000,000 =</sup> base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.