Table 17. Incidence rates<sup>1</sup> for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>2</sup> per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected sources of injury or illness, Private industry, Wyoming, 2011

	Source of injury or illness													
Characteristic	Private industry	Chemicals & chemical products	Contai- ners	Furni- ture & fixt- ures	Machi- nery	Parts & mate-rials	Person, other than worker	Health care patient	Person, injured or ill worker	Worker motion or position	Floors, walk- ways, or ground surfaces	Hand- tools	Vehi- cles	All other sources
Total	130.7	2.2	11.0	4.1	14.0	17.5	9.0	7.5	15.3	14.8	19.3	4.8	9.5	18.2
Gender:														
Male	142.2	2.2	8.8	3.3	19.4	24.3	2.9	1.7	17.5	16.8	15.7	6.6	11.4	22.7
Female	108.3		15.5	5.8	3.8	4.4	21.3	19.0	10.9	10.7	25.9		5.3	9.6
Array														
<b>Age:</b> 14 - 15														
16 - 19	153.3						30.0	30.0						
20 - 24	161.9		11.0		19.1	35.0	17.0	14.4	7.8	7.8	36.9	7.6	8.3	11.8
25 - 34	126.0		8.4	4.6	23.6	9.7	9.5	7.9	27.8	26.9		7.3	7.0	14.3
35 - 44	119.3		12.3		7.5	34.3	6.6	4.6	14.4	13.2			7.6	14.7
45 - 54	131.4		15.2	5.4	11.8	13.3	7.6	5.7	7.3	7.3			17.5	28.9
55 - 64	135.7		10.4		9.2	5.6			16.9	16.9			7.8	17.5
65 and over	80.0										31.6			26.8
Major occupational group:	00.1													
Management Occupations	20.1													
Business & Financial Operations Occupations														
Computer & Mathematical Occupations  Architecture & Engineering Occupations														
Life, Physical, & Social Science Occupations														
Community & Social Service Occupations														
Legal Occupations														
Education, Training, & Library Occupations														
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, & Media Occupations														
Healthcare Practitioners & Technical Occupations	43.0													
Healthcare Support Occupations	347.1						217.3	214.1			58.6			
Protective Service Occupations														
Food Preparation & Serving Related Occupations	121.6		19.3								46.2	12.9		16.2
Building & Grounds Cleaning & Maintenance Occupations	365.7			39.5		114.6			112.1	112.1	46.0			
Personal Care & Service Occupations	239.5						112.7	107.0						36.6
Sales & Related Occupations	70.3		16.9						27.1	26.2	9.2			
Office & Administrative Support Occupations	25.2		8.7											
Farming, Fishing, & Forestry Occupations														
Construction & Extraction Occupations	170.6		5.8	4.8	43.1	18.1			21.5	21.5	11.8	10.6		25.6
Installation, Maintenance, & Repair Occupations	152.1				12.9	27.8			9.8		19.8		19.0	49.9
Production Occupations	149.8		21.3		20.6	31.9								21.6
Transportation & Material Moving Occupations	243.7		28.1		10.8	63.2			18.8	17.4	39.5		48.5	15.7

 $^1$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, December 20, 2012.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.