Table 16. Incidence rates for nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work per 10,000 full-time workers by selected worker characteristics, major occupational group, and selected natures of injury or illness, Private industry, Wyoming, 2011

								Na	ture of injur	y or illness							
Characteristic	Private	Cuts			, lacerations, punctures								Multiple traumatic injuries		injuries		
	industry	Sprains, strains	Fractures	Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures	Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputa- tions	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendon- itis	Total	with fractures	with sprains	Soreness, Pain	All other natures
Total	130.7	59.6	23.4	8.5	7.1	1.3	16.1	2.0		1.2			1.5			1.7	16.3
Gender:																	
Male	142.2	58.5	31.2	9.5	7.9	1.6	16.6	2.4		1.8			1.4			1.4	18.8
Female	108.3	61.3	8.0	6.6			15.2										11.7
Age:																	
14 - 15																	
16 - 19	153.3	66.5		29.7			27.5										
20 - 24	161.9	44.6	14.6	19.8	17.2		64.4										12.1
25 - 34	126.0	77.1	13.8	8.9	7.8		7.0	3.7									12.9
35 - 44	119.3	58.7	26.2	4.8			12.7										12.9
45 - 54	131.4	67.2	17.1	7.9	6.1		9.0									4.1	20.1
55 - 64	135.7	40.4	49.9				8.5										26.6
65 and over	80.0	25.0	38.6														
Major occupational group:																	
Management Occupations	20.1																
Business and Financial Operations Occupations																	
Computer and Mathematical Occupations																	
Architecture and Engineering Occupations																	
Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations																	
Community and Social Service Occupations																	
Legal Occupations																	
Education, Training, and Library Occupations																	
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations																	
Healthcare Practitioners and Technical Occupations	43.0	32.6															
Healthcare Support Occupations	347.1	276.8															
Protective Service Occupations																	
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations	121.6	47.6		26.3	24.6		16.1										14.3
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations	365.7	204.6					106.9										
Personal Care and Service Occupations	239.5	145.3															
Sales and Related Occupations	70.3	52.1															
Office and Administrative Support Occupations	25.2	12.9															
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations																	
Construction and Extraction Occupations	170.6	61.3	58.6	7.0			11.3										23.9
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	152.1	81.5	21.9				21.7										11.3
Production Occupations	149.8	50.5	18.8	18.7	16.4		17.1										32.1
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	243.7	99.3	49.8	14.2	12.9		31.8										41.7

 $^1$  Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

= number of injuries and illnesses N

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year 20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

 $^{2}$  Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, December 20, 2012.