Table 2. Numbers of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, Wyoming, 2022

(In thousands)

Industry ¹	NAICS code ²	Total recordable cases	Cases w	Other recordable cases		
			Total	Cases with days away from work ³	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including state and local government ⁴		6.5	3.3	2.6		3.2
Private industry ⁴		5.1	2.6	2.1	0.6	2.4
Goods-producing ⁴		1.3	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.7
Natural resources and mining ^{4,5}		0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁴		0.1	-8	-8		-8
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁵		0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Support activities for mining	213	0.1	0.1	-8	-8	0.1
Construction		0.6	0.3	0.2		0.3
Construction		0.6	0.3	0.2		0.3
Construction of buildings	236		0.1	0.1		
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237		-8	-8	-8	0.1
Specialty trade contractors	238	0.4	0.2			
Manufacturing		0.4	0.2	0.1	-8	0.2
Manufacturing		0.4	0.2	0.1	-8	0.2
Wood product manufacturing	321	0.1	-8	-8		-8
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332	0.1				-8
Service providing		3.7	2	1.6	0.4	1.8
Trade transportation and utilities		1.3	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.5
Wholesale trade		0.2	-8	-8		0.1

Retail trade		0.8	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	
Transportation and warehousing ⁷		0.3	0.2	0.2	-8	0.1	
Air transportation Pipeline transportation Support activities for transportation	481 486 488	 	 	 	 	 	
Utilities		0.1	-8	-8		-8	
Utilities	221	0.1	-8	-8		-8	
Financial activities		0.1	0.1				
Educational and health services		1	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.5	
Educational services		-8				-8	
Health care and social assistance		1	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.5	
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	622 623 624	0.2 0.4 0.2	0.1 0.3 0.1	0.1 0.3 	 -8 	0.1 0.1 0.1	
Leisure and hospitality		0.8	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.4	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		0.1	-8	-8			
Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries	713		-8	-8			
Accommodation and food services		0.8	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4	
Accommodation	721	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	
Other services (except public administration)							
Other services (except public administration)							
Personal and laundry services	812	-8					
State and local government ⁴		1.4	0.6	0.6	0.1	0.7	
State government ⁴		0.2	0.1	0.1	-8	0.1	
Service providing		0.2	0.1	0.1	-8	0.1	

Educational and health services							
Health care and social assistance		0.1	-8	-8		-8	
Public administration		0.1	0.1	0.1		-8	
Public administration		0.1	0.1	0.1		-8	
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	-8	-8	-8			
Local government ⁴		1.2	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.6	
Service providing		1.2	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.6	
Educational and health services		0.6	0.3	0.2	-8	0.4	
Educational services		0.3	0.2	0.2		0.2	
Educational services	611	0.3	0.2	0.2		0.2	
Health care and social assistance		0.3	0.1	0.1	-8	0.2	
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	0.3 -8	0.1 -8	0.1 -8	-8 	0.2 	
Public administration		0.5	0.2	0.2	-8	0.3	
Public administration		0.5	0.2	0.2	-8	0.3	
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- Totals include data for industries not shown separately.
- ² Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.
- ³ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.
- Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.
- ⁵ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.
- ⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.
- ⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.
- ⁸ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 21, 2023