Industry ²		Total recordable cases	Cases wi t	Other recordable cases		
			Total	Cases with days away from work ⁴	Cases with job transfer or restriction	
All industries including state and local government ⁵		3.1	1.7	1.4	0.3	1.4
Private industry ⁵		2.9	1.7	1.3	0.4	1.3
Goods-producing ⁵		2.7	1.6	1.3	0.3	1.1
Natural resources and mining ^{5,6}		2.1	1.4	1.3	0.2	0.7
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting ⁵		6.8				4.9
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction ⁶		1.9	1.4	1.2	0.2	0.5
Construction		2.8	1.7	1.4	0.3	1.1
Construction		2.8	1.7	1.4	0.3	1.1
Heavy and civil engineering construction Specialty trade contractors	237 238	3.5 2.5	2.3 1.4	 1.3	0.8 	1.2 1.1
Manufacturing		3.4	1.6	1.1	0.5	1.8
Manufacturing		3.4	1.6	1.1	0.5	1.8
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	332					
Service providing		3.0	1.7	1.3	0.4	1.3
Trade transportation and utilities		3.4	2.1	1.5	0.6	1.3
Retail trade		3.8	2.1	1.4	0.7	1.7
Transportation and warehousing ⁸		3.2	2.5	2.0	0.5	0.7
Support activities for transportation	488	1.8	1.4	1.2		

Couriers and messengers	492	5.3	3.8	2.0	1.8	1.5	
Utilities		1.6	1.0	0.8			
Utilities	221	1.6	1.0	0.8			
Financial activities		2.2	1.9	1.9			
Finance and insurance							
Insurance carriers and related activities	524						
Real estate and rental and leasing		5.4	5.3	5.3			
Professional and business services							
Professional, scientific, and technical services							
Educational and health services		4.0	2.1	1.9	0.2	1.9	
Educational services			1.1	1.1			
Health care and social assistance		4.1	2.2	2.0	0.2	2.0	
Hospitals	622	6.3	2.4	2.2		3.9	
Nursing and residential care facilities Social assistance	623 624	8.6 2.8	5.9 1.3	5.3	0.6	2.7 1.4	
Leisure and hospitality		2.9	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.6	
Arts, entertainment, and recreation							
Accommodation and food services		3.0	1.3	0.9	0.4	1.7	
Accommodation	721	4.4	2.5	1.6	0.9	1.9	
State and local government ⁵		3.9	1.9	1.7	0.2	2.0	
State government ⁵		4.2	1.9	1.8		2.2	
Service providing		4.2	1.9	1.8		2.2	
Educational and health services		6.8	2.9	2.6		3.9	
Health care and social assistance		20.3	7.3	7.1		12.9	
			l				

Public administration		3.1	1.6	1.5		1.6	
Public administration		3.1	1.6	1.5		1.6	
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	3.0	1.7	1.7		1.3	
Local government ⁵		3.9	1.9	1.7	0.2	2.0	
Service providing		3.9	1.9	1.7	0.2	1.9	
Trade transportation and utilities							
Wholesale trade							
Educational and health services		2.9	1.5	1.4	0.1	1.4	
Educational services		1.7	1.0	1.0		0.8	
Educational services	611	1.7	1.0	1.0		0.8	
Health care and social assistance		5.2	2.6	2.3	0.3	2.6	
Hospitals Nursing and residential care facilities	622 623	5.1 14.0	2.4 10.6		0.3 	2.7 	
Public administration		6.3	3.0	2.5	0.4	3.3	
Public administration		6.3	3.0	2.5	0.4	3.3	
Administration of environmental quality programs	924						

¹ Incidence rates repr	esent the number of injuries and/or illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 200,000 where,				
Ν	= number of injuries and/or illnesses				
EH	= total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year				
200,000	= base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).				
² Totals include data f	for industries not shown separately.				
	g the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook page: https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soii/concepts.htm.				
⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.					
⁵ Excludes farms with	fewer than 11 employees.				
(MSHA) rules and rep provided to BLS by th nonmetal mining indu	ctor 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration orting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are e Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and stries. These data do not reflect changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective refore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.				
⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.					
⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.					
⁹ Data too small to be	e displayed.				
NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.					

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. U.S. Department of Labor. Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies.