



Construction and extraction occupations	173	56.2	30.1	15.9	14.9	--	12.8	--	10.3	10.3	12.2	23.6
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	126.5	41.1	--	10.0	--	--	--	--	--	--	23.0	40.1
Production occupations	221.7	37.8	--	50.1	44.8	--	33	--	--	--	62.3	21.3
Transportation and material moving occupations	204.6	68.8	15.9	9.6	9.1	--	19.3	--	--	--	35.1	54.3

<sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as:  $(N/EH) \times 20,000,000$  where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

<sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 03, 2021