			Nature of injury or illness <sup>3</sup>														
Characteristic	Private industry			Cuts, lacerations, punctures								Multiple traumatic injuries				-	
		Sprains, strains	Fractures	Total	Cuts, lacerations	Punctures	Bruises	Heat burns	Chemical burns	Amputations	Carpal tunnel syndrome	Tendonitis	Total	with fractures	with sprains	Soreness Pain	All other natures
Total	143.6	46.3	12.1	14.2	12.1	2.1	10.4	1.8	-	- 3.4	1.7		2.2		1.0	27.8	22.7
Gender:																	
Male	156.7	45.6	14.6	15.1	12.0	3.1	10.6	1.7	-	5.4	2.8		2.7			29.0	27.9
Female	121.2	46.9	7.7	13.0	12.7		9.5									26.2	14.2
Age:																	
14 - 15									-	.							
16 - 19	113.2								-								31.8
20 - 24	160.4	60.3							-							36.2	30.1
25 - 34	106.9	29.0	10.4	13.2	13.2		6.5		-	6.8						16.3	21.0
35 - 44	127.3	54.9	6.4	12.9	6.1	6.8	6.6									23.8	20.4
45 - 54	171.8	76.7	8.4	19.7	17.7					9.2			5.0			17.3	26.2
55 - 64	189.2	24.8	29.5	20.0	18.9		26.1									54.7	23.4
65 and over	97.9	33.4															
Maio- and anticod and and																	
Major occupational group:	79.6	30.9															16.5
Management occupations Business and financial operations occupations	79.0	30.9							-	] :							10.5
Computer and mathematical occupations																	
Architecture and engineering occupations									-								
Life, physical, and social science occupations									-								
Community and social service occupations									-								
Legal occupations																	
Education, training, and library occupations																	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations																	
Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations	128.4	96.1															
Healthcare support occupations	271.1	142.3							-							78.7	
Protective service occupations																	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	76.9			21.8	21.8											16.7	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	195.6	46.4														50.9	53.4
Personal care and service occupations	240.2	79.9															74.7
Sales and related occupations	54.9	24.6							-							[[	
Office and administrative support occupations	41.4	9.1							-	1	1					[[	7.8
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	334.6	126.6	12.0	27.0	24.7	12.2	94.1		-	21.7	11.0					27.0	20.2
Construction and extraction occupations	207.9	59.8	13.8	37.0	24.7	12.3	20.0			21.7	11.0					27.0	30.3
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations Production occupations	179.2 239.4	48.3 31.5	21.9	46.0	46.0		26.8 15.6		-	]						24.3 99.2	37.1 17.0
Transportation and material moving occupations	272.7	101.3	35.1	8.7	8.7		13.9			.						58.6	44.9

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

= number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 01, 2017

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.