| | | Nature of injury or illness ³ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|----------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Characteristic | Private industry | | | Cuts, lacerations, punctures | | | | | | | | Multiple traumatic injuries | | | | | |
| | | Sprains, strains | Fractures | Total | Cuts, lacerations | Punctures | Bruises | Heat burns | Chemical burns | Amputations | Carpal tunnel syndrome | Tendonitis | Total | with fractures | with sprains | Soreness Pain | All other natures |
| Total | 120.8 | 38.2 | 9.1 | 12.8 | 9.6 | 3.1 | 8.4 | 1.2 | | | | | | | | 27.6 | 22.1 |
| Gender: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Male Female | 128.6 107.8 | 37.5 38.7 | 10.6 6.2 | 14.6 10.0 | | | 8.7 7.8 | 1.4 | | | | | | | | 26.7 29.5 | 26.9 14.4 |
| Age: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 - 15 16 - 19 | 90.4 | | | 32.4 | | | | | | | | | - | | |] | |
| 20 - 24 | 187.6 | 54.1 | | 34.4 | 33.4 | | | | | | | | | . | | 42.1 | 31.0 |
| 25 - 34 | 120.2 | 28.1 | 14.6 | 16.3 | | | 15.2 | | | | | | | | | 28.2 | 17.1 |
| 35 - 44 | 95.2 | 21.5 | 8.2 | 13.4 | 4.0 | 9.3 | 7.3 | | | | | | | | | 25.6 | 16.3 |
| 45 - 54 | 113.6 | 55.6 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 | | | | | | | | | | | 21.9 | 18.1 |
| 55 - 64 | 140.9 | 46.5 | 7.4 | | | | 8.7 | | | | | | | | | 33.5 | 41.1 |
| 65 and over | 100.2 | 43.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | |
| Major occupational group: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Management occupations | 83.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 34.6 | 28.3 |
| Business and financial operations occupations | 36.4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Computer and mathematical occupations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Architecture and engineering occupations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Life, physical, and social science occupations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Community and social service occupations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Legal occupations | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | |
| Education, training, and library occupations | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | |]] | |
| Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations Healthcare practitioners and technical occupations | 128.9 | | | 76.5 | 76.5 | | | | | | | | |] | - | 27.7 | |
| Healthcare support occupations | 281.4 | 160.5 | | 70.5 | 76.5 | | | | | | | | | | - | 92.3 | |
| Protective service occupations | 201.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | |
| Food preparation and serving related occupations | 99.7 | 26.2 | | 11.9 | 11.9 | | | | | | | | | | | 40.2 | |
| Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations | 257.6 | 97.0 | 47.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | 57.9 | |
| Personal care and service occupations | 172.1 | 66.0 | | | | | 46.1 | | | | | | | - | | | |
| Sales and related occupations | 53.9 | 22.7 | | | | | 11.5 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Office and administrative support occupations | 57.0 | 20.5 | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | 16.1 | 14.9 |
| Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations | 98.3 | 43.3 | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | |
| Construction and extraction occupations | 210.5 | 43.9 | 23.9 | 16.0 | | | 14.7 | | | | | | | - | | 43.1 | 63.7 |
| Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations | 145.6 | 50.9 | | 23.5 | | 19.9 | | | | | | | | - | | 26.0 | 23.4 |
| Production occupations | 80.0 | 22.8 | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | 16.3 | |
| Transportation and material moving occupations | 203.0 | 81.3 | 15.3 | 24.8 | 22.5 | | | | | | | | | | | 38.9 | 34.3 |

 $^{^1}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

N = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, December 10, 2018

^{20,000,000 =} base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.