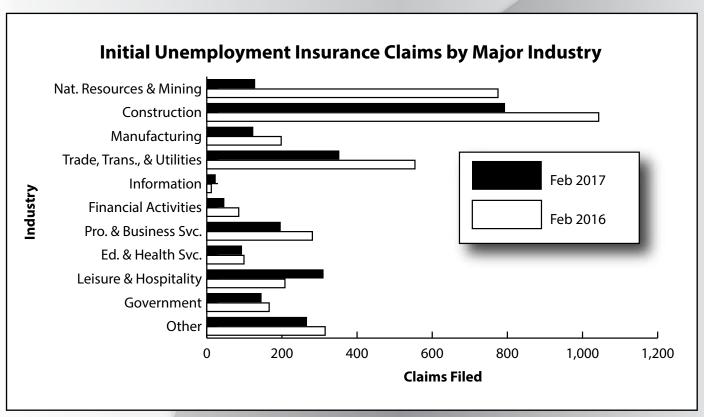
Unemployment Insurance Claims Information for Wyoming by County, Industry, and Place of Residence of Claimant

February 2017

by: Patrick Manning, Principal Economist, and Michael Moore, Editor Research & Planning, Wyoming Department of Workforce Services





Unemployment Insurance Claims Information for Wyoming by County, Industry, and Place of Residence of Claimant, February 2017

Wyoming Department of Workforce Services

John Cox, Director

Research & Planning

Tom Gallagher, Manager
Tony Glover, Workforce Information Supervisor
Carola Cowan, Bureau of Labor Statistics Programs Supervisor

Prepared by:

Patrick Manning, Principal Economist Michael Moore, Editor

Editorial Committee:

David Bullard, Carola Cowan, Katelynd Faler, Matthew Halama, Chris McGrath, Lynae Mohondro, Michael Moore, and Carol Toups

Published March 9, 2017.

©2017 by the Wyoming Department of Workforce Services, Research & Planning

Department of Workforce Services Nondiscrimination Statement

The Department of Workforce Services does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, or disability. It is our intention that all individuals seeking services from our agency be given equal opportunity and that eligibility decisions be based upon applicable statutes, rules, and regulations.

Research & Planning

P.O. Box 2760 Casper, WY 82602 Phone: (307) 473-3807 Fax: (307) 473-3834

R&P Website: http://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/
Unemployment Insurance Claims: http://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/ui.htm
URL for this report: http://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/UI/UI_Claims_Feb_2017.pdf

"Your Source for Wyoming Labor Market Information"

Who We Are

Research & Planning (R&P) functions as an exclusively statistical entity within the Wyoming Department of Workforce Services. R&P collects, analyzes, and publishes timely and accurate labor market information (LMI) meeting established statistical standards. We work to make the labor market more efficient by providing the public and the public's representatives with the information needed for evidence-

based, informed decision making.

Wyoming Unemployment Insurance Claims Information, February 2017: Initial and Continued Claims Decline

by: Patrick Manning, Principal Economist, and Michael Moore, Editor

Initial Claims

Total initial claims decreased by 34.0% (-1,302 claims) from February 2016 to February 2017. New initial claims have decreased from prior year levels for eight consecutive months.

Initial claims in natural resources & mining decreased 83.5% (-647 claims) over the year. Most private industries experienced an over-the-year decrease in the number of initial claims, with the exception of leisure & hospitality (102 claims, or 49.0%), retail trade (20, or 11.2%), and information (11, or 91.7%).

Most counties experienced a decrease in initial claims compared to February 2016. The most substantial decreases were seen in Campbell (-303, or -60.0%), Natrona (-287, or -44.1%), and Sweetwater (-102, or -38.4%) counties. The number of initial claims for out-of-state claimants also decreased over the year (-267, or -44.3%). Initial claims increased the most in Teton County (82 claims, or 122.6%).

Continued Claims

Over the year, the total number of unique claimants decreased by 2,229 individuals (-21.6%), while the total number of weeks claimed decreased by 7,768 weeks (-21.5%). Natural resources & mining (-3,424 weeks, or -68.6%) and trade, transportation, & utilities (-1,046, or -23.7%) saw the greatest decreaes in continued weeks claimed.

Many of the counties that experienced a substantial decline in the number of initial claims also had a decline in the number of continued weeks claimed. Natrona (-1,544 weeks, or -26.0%), Campbell (-1,390, or -37.6%), Fremont (-746, or -25.6%), and Sweetwater (-532, or -22.4%) experienced the greatest decreases in continued weeks

claimed. The number of weeks claimed by outof-state workers decreased by 1,390, or 20.7%.

The number of claimants who exhausted their benefits (-36, or -6.6%) also declined over the year.

What Does a Decrease in Claims Mean?

There are several possible reasons for the decline in initial and continued UI claims. Claimants may have found work, exhausted their benefits, or left the *labor force*, which is defined as the total number of the civilian non-institutionalized population age 16 or older who are employed or unemployed (jobless, looking for a job, and available for work).

It is possible that many UI claimants may have left Wyoming and found employment in another state, making them no longer eligible to receive UI benefits. The number of jobs worked in Wyoming has consistently decreased since the start of the current economic downturn in 2015Q2, while surrounding states like Colorado, Idaho, Montana, and Utah have experienced job growth (Moore, in press). In addition, as noted by Bullard (2016), Wyoming's labor force shrank consistently throughout 2015 and 2016. As Wyoming lost jobs during the downturn, dislocated workers may have left the state and successfully found employment in another state.

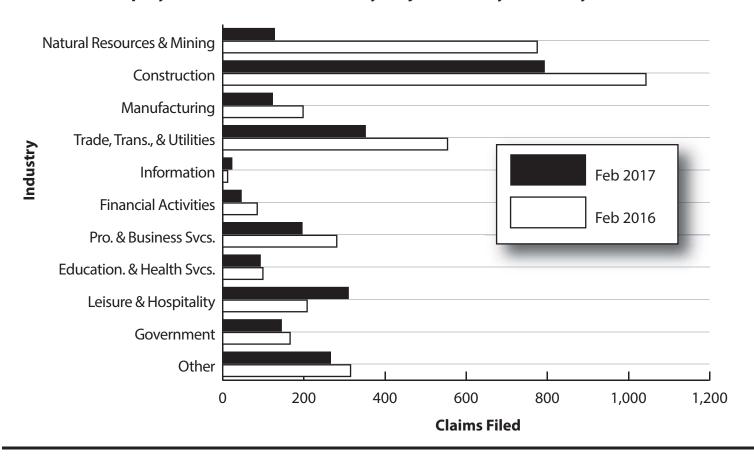
References

Bullard, D. (2016, December). Wyoming unemployment rate falls to 4.9% in November 2016. Retrieved February 2, 2017, from http://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/news.htm

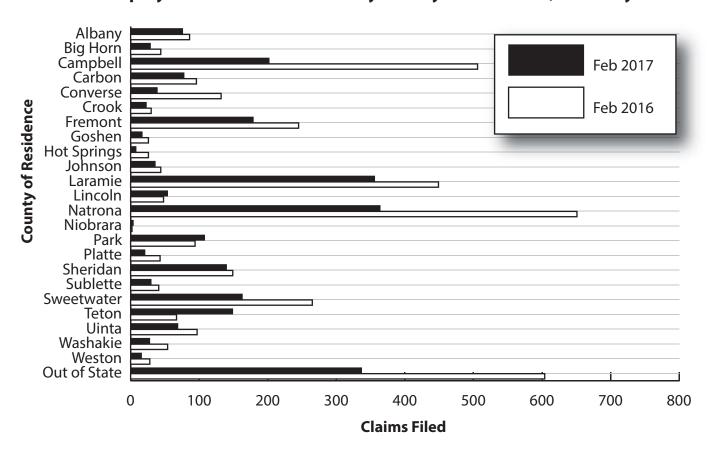
Moore, M. (In press). Employment and wage change for selected industries in Wyoming, 2016Q3.

| Initial Clair | ms Tables | | | | | |
|--|-----------|---------------|------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| | | | | Percent | - | |
| | | | | Claims Filed | | Difference |
| | Cl | laims File | d | Feb-17 | <u>Feb-17</u> | <u>Feb-17</u> |
| Wyoming Statewide | Feb-17 | <u>Jan-17</u> | Feb-16 | <u>Jan-17</u> | Feb-16 | Feb-16 |
| Total Claims Filed | 2,527 | 3,817 | 3,829 | -33.8 | -34.0 | -1,302 |
| Goods-Producing | 1,045 | 1,786 | 2,017 | -41.5 | -48.2 | -972 |
| Natural Resources and Mining (11,21) | 128 | 195 | 775 | -34.4 | -83.5 | -647 |
| Mining (21) | 121 | 177 | 758 | -31.6 | -84.0 | -637 |
| Oil & Gas Extraction (211) | 17 | 20 | 32 | -15.0 | -46.9 | -15 |
| Construction (23) | 793 | 1,421 | 1,043 | -44.2 | -24.0 | -250 |
| Manufacturing (31 - 33) | 123 | 168 | 198 | -26.8 | -37.9 | -75 |
| Service-Providing | 1,070 | 1,396 | 1,330 | -23.4 | -19.5 | -260 |
| Trade, Transportation, and Utilities (22,42,44-45,48-49) | 352 | 479 | 554 | -26.5 | -36.5 | -202 |
| Wholesale Trade (42) | 34 | 58 | 156 | -41.4 | -78.2 | -122 |
| Retail Trade (42 - 45) | 199 | 257 | 179 | -22.6 | 11.2 | 20 |
| Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities (22,48 - 49) | 119 | 164 | 219 | -22.0 -27.4 | -45.7 | -100 |
| • | 23 | 104 | 12 | 130.0 | 91.7 | 11 |
| Information (51) | | | | | | |
| Financial Activities (52, 53) | 46 | 46 | 85 | 0.0 | -45.9 | -39 |
| Professional and Business Services (54 - 56) | 196 | 296 | 281 | -33.8 | -30.2 | -85 |
| Educational and Health Services (61 - 62) | 93 | 115 | 99 | -19.1 | -6.1 | -6 |
| Leisure and Hospitality (71 - 72) | 310 | 375 | 208 | -17.3 | 49.0 | 102 |
| Other Services, except Public Admin. (81) | 42 | 67 | 84 | -37.3 | -50.0 | -42 |
| Government | 145 | 285 | 166 | -49.1 | -12.7 | -21 |
| Federal Government | 57 | 123 | 51 | -53.7 | 11.8 | 6 |
| State Government | 10 | 28 | 19 | -64.3 | -47.4 | -9 |
| Local Government | 76 | 134 | 95 | -43.3 | -20.0 | -19 |
| Local Education | 14 | 22 | 16 | -36.4 | -12.5 | -2 |
| Unclassified | 266 | 349 | 315 | -23.8 | -15.6 | -49 |
| Laramie County (Place of Residence) | | | | | | |
| Total Claims Filed | 356 | 519 | 449 | -31.4 | -20.7 | -93 |
| Goods-Producing | 132 | 267 | 217 | -50.6 | -39.2 | -85 |
| Construction | 99 | 244 | 147 | -59.4 | -32.7 | -48 |
| Service-Providing | 191 | 202 | 198 | -5.4 | -3.5 | -7 |
| Trade, Transportation, and Utilities (22,42,44-45,48-49) | 64 | 70 | 80 | -8.6 | -20.0 | -16 |
| Financial Activities (52, 53) | 9 | 9 | 7 | 0.0 | 28.6 | 2 |
| Professional and Business Services (54 - 56) | 69 | 54 | 54 | 27.8 | 27.8 | _ 15 |
| Educational and Health Services (61 - 62) | 18 | 23 | 20 | -21.7 | -10.0 | -2 |
| Leisure and Hospitality (71 - 72) | 20 | 27 | 20 | -25.9 | 0.0 | 0 |
| Government | 11 | 25 | 18 | -56.0 | -38.9 | -7 |
| Unclassified | 20 | 23 | 15 | -13.0 | 33.3 | 5 |
| Natrona County (Place of Residence) | | | | | | |
| Total Claims Filed | 363 | 540 | 650 | -32.8 | -44.2 | -287 |
| Goods-Producing | 175 | 271 | 346 | -35.4 | -49.4 | -171 |
| Construction | 130 | 212 | 162 | -38.7 | -19.8 | -32 |
| Service-Providing | 165 | 238 | 277 | -30.7 -30.7 | -40.4 | -112 |
| Trade, Transportation, and Utilities (22,42,44-45,48-49) | 70 | 91 | 123 | -23.1 | -43.1 | -53 |
| Financial Activities (52, 53) | 70 | 6 | 23 | 16.7 | - 4 3.1 | -33 -16 |
| Professional and Business Services (54 - 56) | 28 | 49 | 46 | -42.9 | -39.1 | -18 |
| Educational and Health Services (61 - 62) | 16 | 22 | 21 | -42.9 -27.3 | -39.1 | -16 -5 |
| Leisure and Hospitality (71 - 72) | 26 | 50 | 21 24 | -27.3 -48.0 | -23.6 8.3 | -5 2 |
| Government | 5 | | | -46.0 -50.0 | o.s -44.4 | ∠ -4 |
| | | 10 10 | 9 17 | | | |
| Unclassified | 17 | 19 | 17 | -10.5 | 0.0 | 0 |

Initial Unemployment Insurance Claims by Major Industry, February 2017



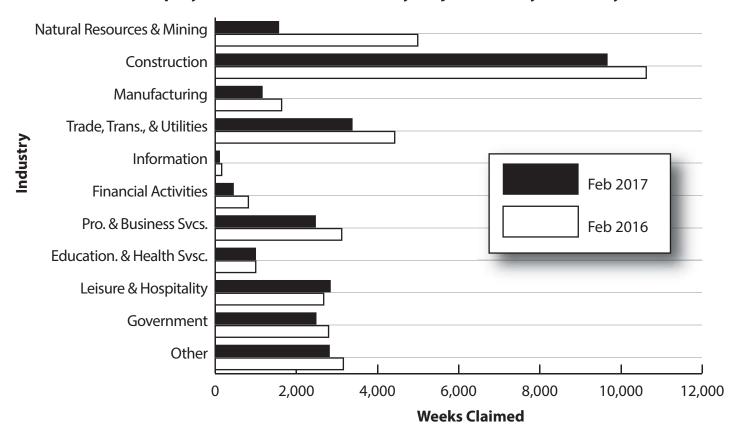
Initial Unemployment Insurance Claims by County of Residence, February 2017



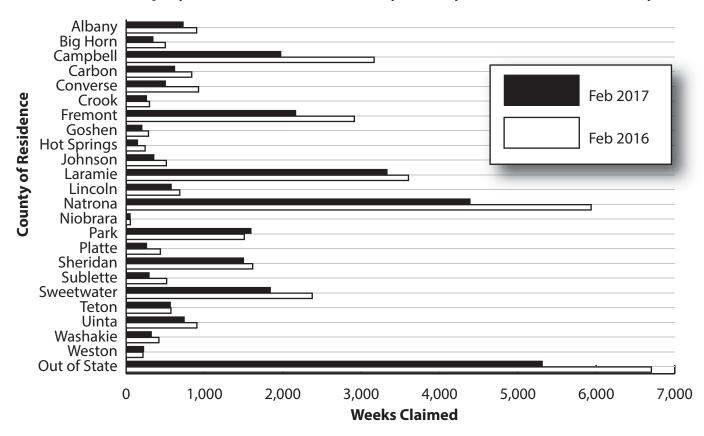
Source: Research & Planning, Wyoming Department of Workforce Services. Retrieved from http://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/ui.htm.

| Continued Weeks Claimed Tables | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | | Percent Change Claims | | Difference |
| | | Claims Filed | | <u>Feb-17</u> | <u>Feb-17</u> | <u>Feb-17</u> |
| Wyoming Statewide | <u>Feb-17</u> | <u>Jan-17</u> | <u>Feb-16</u> | <u>Jan-17</u> | <u>Feb-16</u> | <u>Feb-16</u> |
| Total Continued Weeks Claimed | 28,356 | 29,000 | 36,124 | -2.2 | -21.5 | -7,768 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total Unique Claimants* | 8,068 | 8,565 | 10,297 | -5.8 | -21.6 | -2,229 |
| Benefit Exhaustions | 508 | 490 | 544 | 3.7 | -6.6 | -36 |
| Benefit Exhaustion Rates | 6.3% | 5.7% | 5.3% | 0.6% | 1.0% | |
| Goods-Producing | 12,388 | 12,773 | 17,247 | -3.0 | -28.2 | -4,859 |
| Natural Resources and Mining (11,21) | 1,566 | 1,895 | 4,990 | -17.4 | -68.6 | -3,424 |
| Mining (21) | 1,326 | 1,668 | 4,793 | -20.5 | -72.3 | -3,467 |
| Oil & Gas Extraction (211) | 194 | 190 | 491 | 2.1 | -60.5 | -297 |
| Construction (23) | 9,661 | 9,796 | 10,621 | -1.4 | -9.0 | -960 |
| Manufacturing (31 - 33) | 1,160 | 1,081 | 1,635 | 7.3 | -29.1 | -475 |
| Service-Providing | 10,665 | 10,411 | 12,926 | 2.4 | -17.5 | -2,261 |
| Trade, Transportation, and Utilities (22,42,44-45,48-49) | 3,376 | 3,241 | 4,422 | 4.2 | -23.7 | -1,046 |
| Wholesale Trade (42) | 561 | 572 | 1,059 | -1.9 | -47.0 | -498 |
| Retail Trade (44 - 45) | 1,824 | 1,755 | 1,591 | 3.9 | 14.6 | 233 |
| Transportation, Warehousing and Utilities (22,48 - 49) | 991 | 914 | 1,772 | 8.4 | -44.1 | -781 |
| Information (51) | 108 | 123 | 158 | -12.2 | -31.6 | -50 |
| Financial Activities (52, 53) | 449 | 361 | 816 | 24.4 | -45.0 | -367 |
| Professional and Business Services (54 - 56) | 2,472 | 2,348 | 3,116 | 5.3 | -20.7 | -644 |
| Educational and Health Services (61 - 62) | 996 | 1,043 | 997 | -4.5 | -0.1 | -1 |
| Leisure and Hospitality (71 - 72) | 2,838 | 2,876 | 2,672 | -1.3 | 6.2 | 166 |
| Other Services, except Public Admin. (81) | 420 | 412 | 736 | 1.9 | -42.9 | -316 |
| Government | 2,486 | 2,535 | 2,792 | -1.9 | -11.0 | -306 |
| Federal Government | 1,181 | 1,236 | 1,104 | -4.4 | 7.0 | 77 |
| State Government | 226 | 210 | 286 | 7.6 | -21.0 | -60 |
| Local Government | 1,079 | 1,088 | 1,401 | -0.8 | -23.0 | -322 |
| Local Education | 200 | 213 | 166 | -6.1 | 20.5 | 34 |
| Unclassified | 2,815 | 3,279 | 3,157 | -14.2 | -10.8 | -342 |
| Laramie County (Place of Residence) | | | | | | |
| Construction | | | | | | |
| Total Continued Weeks Claimed | 3,331 | 3,355 | 3,602 | -0.7 | -7.5 | -271 |
| Total Unique Claimants | 971 | 1,001 | 1,048 | -3.0 | -7.3 | -77 |
| • | | | | | | |
| Goods-Producing | 1,668 | 1,794 | 1,993 | -7.0 | -16.3 | -325 |
| Construction | 1,519 | 1,634 | 1,639 | -7.0 | -7.3 | -120 |
| Service-Providing | 1,392 | 1,247 | 1,215 | 11.6 | 14.6 | 177 |
| Trade, Transportation, and Utilities (22,42,44-45,48-49) | 515 | 450 | 472 | 14.4 | 9.1 | 43 |
| Financial Activities (52, 53) | 68 | 42 | 105 | 61.9 | -35.2 | -37 |
| Professional and Business Services (54 - 56) | 438 | 393 | 299 | 11.5 | 46.5 | 139 |
| Educational and Health Services (61 - 62) | 158 | 163 | 149 | -3.1 | 6.0 | 9 |
| Leisure and Hospitality (71 - 72) | 152 | 149 | 110 | 2.0 | 38.2 | 42 |
| Government | 142 128 | 156 | 263 | -9.0 | -46.0 -0.8 | -121 -1 |
| Unclassified | 120 | 156 | 129 | -17.9 | -0.0 | -1 |
| Natrona County (Place of Residence) | | | | | | |
| Total Continued Weeks Claimed | 4,390 | 4,578 | 5,934 | -4.1 | -26.0 | -1,544 |
| Total Unique Claimants | 1,236 | 1,352 | 1,725 | -8.6 | -28.3 | -489 |
| , | • | • | , | | | |
| Goods-Producing | 2,153 | 2,267 | 3,128 | -5.0 | -31.2 | -975 |
| Construction | 1,684 | 1,680 | 1,742 | 0.2 | -3.3 | -58 |
| Service-Providing | 1,985 | 2,067 | 2,567 | -4.0 | -22.7 | -582 |
| Trade, Transportation, and Utilities (22,42,44-45,48-49) | 675 | 695 | 1,049 | -2.9 | -35.7 | -374 |
| Financial Activities (52, 53) | 78 | 71 | 187 | 9.9 | -58.3 | -109 |
| Professional and Business Services (54 - 56) | 462 | 501 | 548 | -7.8 | -15.7 | -86 |
| Educational and Health Services (61 - 62) | 245 | 278 | 189 | -11.9 | 29.6 | 56 |
| Leisure and Hospitality (71 - 72) | 394 | 378 | 377 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 17 |
| Government | 126 | 123 | 96 | 2.4 | 31.3 | 30 |
| Unclassified | 125 | 120 | 141 | 4.2 | -11.3 | -16 |
| *Does not include claimants receiving extended benefits | | | | | | |

Continued Unemployment Insurance Claims by Major Industry, February 2017



Continued Unemployment Insurance Claims by County of Residence, February 2017



Source: Research & Planning, Wyoming Department of Workforce Services. Retrieved from http://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/ui.htm.

Wyoming Normalized^a Unemployment Statistics: Continued Claims by County of Residence, February 2017

| | | | Over-the-Year Change | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------|--------|--|
| | February | February | | | |
| County | 2017 | 2016 | N | % | |
| Albany | 730 | 900 | -170 | -18.9% | |
| Big Horn | 345 | 500 | -155 | -31.0% | |
| Campbell | 1,976 | 3,165 | -1,190 | -37.6% | |
| Carbon | 622 | 837 | -214 | -25.6% | |
| Converse | 504 | 924 | -420 | -45.4% | |
| Crook | 263 | 298 | -35 | -11.6% | |
| Fremont | 2,166 | 2,912 | -746 | -25.6% | |
| Goshen | 204 | 285 | -81 | -28.5% | |
| Hot Springs | 148 | 242 | -94 | -38.8% | |
| Johnson | 356 | 513 | -157 | -30.6% | |
| Laramie | 3,332 | 3,603 | -271 | -7.5% | |
| Lincoln | 578 | 684 | -106 | -15.5% | |
| Natrona | 4,391 | 5,934 | -1,544 | -26.0% | |
| Niobrara | 54 | 54 | 0 | 0.0% | |
| Park | 1,596 | 1,508 | 88 | 5.8% | |
| Platte | 264 | 437 | -173 | -39.6% | |
| Sheridan | 1,501 | 1,615 | -114 | -7.0% | |
| Sublette | 296 | 517 | -222 | -42.9% | |
| Sweetwater | 1,843 | 2,375 | -532 | -22.4% | |
| Teton | 567 | 572 | -4 | -0.8% | |
| Uinta | 744 | 903 | -159 | -17.6% | |
| Washakie | 324 | 418 | -94 | -22.5% | |
| Weston | 226 | 215 | 11 | 5.0% | |
| Out of State | 5,313 | 6,703 | -1,390 | -20.7% | |
| Normalized Total ^a | 28,356 | 36,124 | -7,768 | -21.5% | |
| Real Total ^b | 26,195 | 33,371 | -7,176 | -21.5% | |

^aAn average month is considered 4.33 weeks. If a month has four weeks, the normalization factor is 1.0825. If the month has five weeks, the normalization factor is 0.866. The number of raw claims is multiplied by the normalization factor to achieve the normalized claims counts.

All totals are subject to rounding error and may not add to the sum of their respective components.

The table above conforms to Wyoming Employment Security Law - Wyoming Statute 27-3-603 regarding confidentiality.

Source: Research & Planning, Wyoming Department of Workforce Services. Retrieved from http://doe.state.wy.us/LMI/ui.htm

^bRaw claims data that have not been multiplied by the normalization factor.