Table 7. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² per 10,000 full-time workers for selected characteristics and major industry sector, Private industry, Wyoming, 2011

Characteristic			Goods prod	Service providing										
	Private industry 3,4,5	Total goods producing	Natural resources & mining ^{3,4}	Constr- uction	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation & utilities ⁵	Infor- mation	Finan- cial activ- ities	Professional & business services	Educa- tional & health services	Leisure & hospi- tality	Other services	Public Admini- stration
Total	130.7	133.6	75.2	200.5	188.1	129.2	146.3				171.3	115.0		
Nature of injury, illness:														
Fractures	23.4	39.1	24		21.2	15.6	22.6				18.1	14.8		
Sprains, strains, tears	59.6	48.2	28	75	58.4	65.3	68.3				104.9	46.4		
Amputations	1.2	3												
Bruise, contusions	16.1	11.7	5.2		35.2	18.2	19.5				14.7	14.2		
Chemical burns and corrosions														
Heat (thermal) burns	2	2.7				1.6								
Soreness, pain	1.7					2.3								
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	8.5	7.9			21.6	8.8	8.8				8.3	16.3		
Cuts, lacerations	7.1	6				7.7	8.6				7.8	13.1		
Punctures (except gunshot wounds)	1.3													
Carpal tunnel syndrome														
Tendonitis														
Multiple traumatic injuries	1.5					1.8								
With sprains														
With fractures														
Part of body affected:														
Head	7.3	6	5.8		17.4	7.9	9.9					10.7		
Eye	2.7					3	6							
Neck	2.8					3.4								
Trunk	39.4	33	15.3		59.1	42.5	51.7				60.8	25.1		
Back	29.1	19.4	9.5		38.6	33.9	36.8				49.8	21.5		
Upper extremities	38.1	48.7	30		67.1	32.9	37.2				43.4	28		
Shoulder	10.1	10.9	8.8		17.2	9.8	12.5				19.1			
Arm	6.6	5.3	7			7.3	12.5							
Wrist	6.9	16.8				2								
Hand(s)	13.5	15	10.8		30.4	12.7	9.6				13.4	15.4		
Lower extremities	35.4	39.1	19.5		31.6	33.5	37.9				39.3	34.9		
Knee	14.2	12.4	10.3		18.6	15.2	17.1				18	18		

Characteristic			Goods prod	Service providing										
	Private industry 3,4,5	Total goods producing	Natural resources & mining ^{3,4}	Constr- uction	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation & utilities ⁵	Infor- mation	Finan- cial activ- ities	Profes- sional & business services	Educa- tional & health services	Leisure & hospi- tality	Other services	Public Admini- stration
Part of body affected (cont'd):														
Ankle	7.5	4.2	5.6			9.1	7.7				10			
Foot	5.4	6				5.1	7.3					7.1		
Toe, toenail														
Body systems	2.6	2.7				2.6								
Multiple	5.1	2.5				6.4	3.3				13.6	11.3		
Source of injury, illness:														
Chemical, chemical products	2.2	2.6				2								
Containers	11	8.4	6		23.1	12.3	22				10.9	9.3		
Furniture, fixtures	4.1	2.6				4.8	3.4					8.8		
Machinery	14	29.6	16.3			6.3	10.9					7.4		
Parts and materials	17.5	15	10.5		36.3	18.8	31.6							
Person, injured or ill worker	15.3	15.1	6.5			15.4	18.7				10.8	12		
Worker motion or position	14.8	14.9	6.5			14.7	17.5				10.2	12		
Person, other than injured or ill workers	9					13.5					72.7			
Patient	7.5					11.2					65.7			
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	19.3	13.1	10.7		20.6	22.4	18.1				33.7	41.7		
Ladder	5.8	14.2				1.5								
Handtools	4.8	7.5	5.3			3.5								
Vehicles	9.5	6.1	5.8			11.1	17.7							
Trucks	2.6	2.7				2.6								
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered														
Event or exposure:														
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	4.8					6.4	4.0				23.7			
Intentional injury by other person	1.1					1.7								
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	2.4					3.5					20.7			
Animal and insect related incidents	1.3													
Transportation incidents	4.6	2.6				5.6	3.9				10.1			
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	2.1					2.4								
Fires and explosions														
Falls, slips, trips	35.3	38.2	19.3		40.7	33.9	30.3				43.1	46.8		

			Goods prod	Service providing										
Characteristic	Private industry 3,4,5	Total goods producing	Natural resources & mining ^{3,4}	Constr- uction	Manufac- turing	Total service providing	Trade, transpor- tation & utilities ⁵	Infor- mation	Finan- cial activ- ities	Professional & business services	Educa- tional & health services	Leisure & hospi- tality	Other services	Public Admini- stration
Event or exposure (cont'd):														
Slips, trips without fall	4.5					5.9								
Fall on same level	17.5	11.9	8.8		19.6	20.2	15.1				34.3	33.9		
Fall to lower level	13.2	24.2	9.5			7.7	12.9					10.8		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	4.4	4.7				4.2						9.9		
Contact with object, equipment	40.4	54.7	30.8	86.3	67.4	33.3	50.2				15.1	21		
Struck by object or equipment	17.7	18.8	13.8		30.7	17.1	30.5				8.8	11.6		
Struck against object or equipment	9.7	10.6	6.4			9.3	13.2					8.9		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	12.2	23.9	10.6		19.8	6.3								
Overexertion and bodily reaction	40.7	31.4	17.5		64	45.4	54.5				73.8	27.3		
Repetitive motion involving microtasks	1.2	2.6												
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	14.5	8			27.1	17.7	23				31.1	10.9		

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

I = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies, December 20, 2012.

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007 include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.