

Table 3. Incidence rates¹ and numbers of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry sector and category of illness, Wyoming, 2020

Industry sector ²	Total cases	Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses	Total cases
Incidence rates per 10,000 full-time workers ¹							
All industries including state and local government³	36.3	--	31	--	--	4.1	0.8
Private industry³	25.5	--	22	--	--	2.5	0.4
Goods producing	14.4	--	13	--	--	--	0.1
Natural resources and mining^{3,4}	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction⁴	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Service providing	30.2	--	25.9	--	--	3.3	0.4
Trade transportation and utilities	10	--	4.4	--	--	4.1	0
Retail trade	15.1	--	8	--	--	--	0
Transportation and warehousing⁵	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Utilities	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Educational and health services	127.7	--	121.6	--	--	--	0.3
Health care and social assistance	137.3	--	130.8	--	--	--	0.3
Leisure and hospitality	15.7	--	10.4	--	--	--	0
Accommodation and food services	15.7	--	10	--	--	--	0
Other services (except public administration)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other services (except public administration)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
State and local government³	76.7	--	64.5	--	--	10.1	0.3
State government³	115.9	--	108	--	--	--	0.1
Local government³	62.1	--	48.4	--	--	10.9	0.2

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: $(N/EH) \times 20,000,000$ where:

N = number of illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

²Data are coded using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For more information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our Handbook of Methods concepts page: <https://>

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates of other industries.

⁵ Data for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁶ Data too small to be displayed.

Skin disorders	Respiratory conditions	Poisonings	Hearing loss	All other illnesses
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Numbers of illnesses in thousands

--	0.7	--	--	0.1
--	0.4	--	--	0
--	0.1	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--
--	0.3	--	--	0
--	0	--	--	0
--	0	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--
--	0.3	--	--	--
--	0.3	--	--	--
--	0	--	--	--
--	0	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--
--	0.3	--	--	0
--	0.1	--	--	--
--	0.2	--	--	0

www.bls.gov/opub/hom/soij/concepts.htm.

is those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect changes the industries.