

Table 10. Incidence rate¹ and number of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, Wyoming, 2016

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rate ¹	Number of cases (thousands)	Percent relative standard errors	
				Incidence rates	Numbers
All industries including state and local government⁴		3.5	7.6	3.7	3.6
Private industry⁴		3.3	5.8	4.8	4.6
Goods-producing⁴		3.0	1.5	8.5	8.4
Natural resources and mining^{4,5}		1.4	0.3	8.3	7.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁴		5.1	0.1	14.3	14.4
Animal production and aquaculture ⁴	112	6.4	0.1	11.5	13.3
Support activities for agriculture and forestry	115	--	(⁸)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction⁵		1.2	0.2	9.4	9.2
Oil and gas extraction	211	0.8	(⁸)	19.1	18.5
Mining (except oil and gas) ⁶	212	1.3	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)
Coal mining ⁶	2121	0.9	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)
Nonmetallic mineral mining and quarrying ⁶	2123	2.1	0.1	(⁹)	(⁹)
Support activities for mining	213	--	--	--	--
Support activities for mining	2131	--	--	--	--
Support activities for mining	21311	--	--	--	--
Drilling oil and gas wells	213111	--	(⁸)	10.6	12.6
Construction		4.4	0.9	13.4	13.4
Construction		4.4	0.9	13.4	13.4
Specialty trade contractors	238	4.7	0.5	15.5	15.9
Manufacturing		3.6	0.3	11.6	12.5
Manufacturing		3.6	0.3	11.6	12.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rate¹ and number of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, Wyoming, 2016

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rate ¹	Number of cases (thousands)	Percent relative standard errors	
				Incidence rates	Numbers
Wood product manufacturing	321	6.3	(⁸)	7.3	7.6
Petroleum and coal products manufacturing	324	--	(⁸)	0.7	1.7
Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing	327	5.9	(⁸)	19.8	23.7
Service-providing		3.5	4.3	5.7	5.5
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁷		4.0	1.9	10.2	9.8
Retail trade		3.4	0.8	10.9	10.8
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	4.7	0.2	23.3	23.5
Food and beverage stores	445	3.1	0.1	11.4	11.4
Gasoline stations	447	2.9	0.1	22.0	21.8
General merchandise stores	452	3.4	0.2	3.0	3.1
Transportation and warehousing⁷		4.5	0.5	19.2	17.9
Air transportation	481	--	(⁸)	17.7	19.8
Professional and business services		--	--	--	--
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services		2.2	0.1	23.8	23.0
Educational and health services		4.4	0.9	7.5	6.7
Health care and social assistance		4.4	0.9	7.3	6.4
Hospitals	622	6.6	0.2	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	9.2	0.3	3.1	3.3
Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality		4.2	1.0	7.8	8.0
Accommodation and food services		4.1	0.9	6.5	6.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rate¹ and number of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, Wyoming, 2016

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rate ¹	Number of cases (thousands)	Percent relative standard errors	
				Incidence rates	Numbers
Accommodation	721	5.4	0.5	4.8	4.9
Traveler accommodation	7211	5.5	0.5	4.4	4.7
Food services and drinking places	722	3.1	0.4	14.1	14.0
Restaurants and other eating places	7225	3.1	0.3	10.2	10.4
State and local government⁴		4.0	1.8	3.0	2.7
State government⁴		--	--	--	--
Service-providing		--	--	--	--
Educational and health services		--	--	--	--
Health care and social assistance		15.4	0.1	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Public administration		2.0	0.2	17.0	17.0
Public administration		2.0	0.2	17.0	17.0
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	--	(⁸)	14.0	14.0
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	--	--	--	--
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	--	--	--	--
Correctional institutions	92214	2.9	(⁸)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Administration of human resource programs	923	1.2	(⁸)	6.1	5.8
Local government⁴		4.3	1.5	3.0	2.8
Goods-producing⁴		--	(⁸)	25.6	25.8
Service-providing		4.3	1.4	3.0	2.8
Trade, transportation, and utilities⁷		6.5	(⁸)	31.6	26.7
Utilities		--	(⁸)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rate¹ and number of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, Wyoming, 2016

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rate ¹	Number of cases (thousands)	Percent relative standard errors	
				Incidence rates	Numbers
Utilities	221	--	(⁸)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Educational and health services		3.9	0.9	2.9	2.8
Educational services		3.5	0.6	3.9	4.1
Educational services	611	3.5	0.6	3.9	4.1
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	3.7	0.5	4.3	4.5
Junior colleges	6112	2.4	(⁸)	0.2	0.2
Health care and social assistance		4.9	0.3	4.1	2.9
Hospitals	622	5.0	0.3	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Social assistance	624	--	(⁸)	(¹⁰)	(¹⁰)
Public administration		5.4	0.5	6.9	6.2
Public administration		5.4	0.5	6.9	6.2
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	921	5.4	0.4	7.2	6.5
Executive, legislative, and other general government support	9211	5.4	0.4	7.2	6.5
Executive and legislative offices, combined	92114	5.4	0.4	7.2	6.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 10. Incidence rate¹ and number of nonfatal occupational injuries by industry, Wyoming, 2016

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Incidence rate ¹	Number of cases (thousands)	Percent relative standard errors	
				Incidence rates	Numbers
<p>¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 200,000 where</p> <p>N = number of injuries EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year 200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).</p> <p>² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.</p> <p>³ <i>North American Industry Classification System</i> -- United States, 2012.</p> <p>⁴ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.</p> <p>⁵ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the <i>North American Industry Classification System</i>, 2012 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.</p> <p>⁶ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.</p> <p>⁷ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.</p> <p>⁸ Data too small to be displayed.</p> <p>⁹ Relative standard errors were not calculated for mining, except oil and gas (NAICS 212), and rail transportation (NAICS 482).</p> <p>¹⁰ Percent relative standard error less than 0.05.</p> <p>NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines.</p> <p>SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 30, 2017</p>					